



Concentric Carburetter Tuning Hints and Tips

(Scanned Booklet Originally Supplied With Amal Concentric Carbs)

DEAR CUSTOMER:

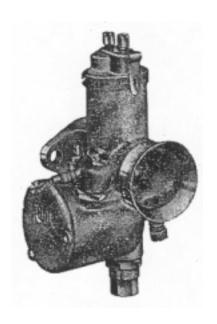
Although whenever possible, we supply carburetters that are set up to original specifications, variations in supply or in the requirements of a particular engine may cause the settings to be incorrect. Regretfully, we are unable to take any responsibility for engine damage due to incorrect carburetter settings or adjustments. We recommend having the engine tuned up before installing a new carburetter, then checking carburettion and if necessary adjusting the carburetter as per the manufacturers instructions. Specialized knowledge and training are necessary for installing carburetters, carburetter parts and tuning carburetters. It is beyond the scope of this booklet to supply all the information necessary to install parts and tune carburetters. If you do not have the necessary skills, do not install the product. Contact us for the name, address and phone number of a British Cycle Supply Dealer near you.

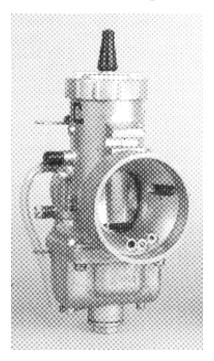
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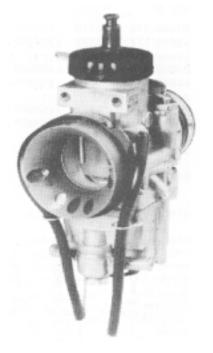
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Carburettors and Parts

We stock **AMAL Monobloc, Concentric MkI and MkII Carbs** and a full line of parts! Some **Pre-Monobloc Parts** are also available. And, due to popular demand, we are now stocking **Mikuni Carbs, Adaptors, and Manifolds** to suit British bikes. Please call to discuss your needs. Please see the 691-Series in the Priceguide section for AMAL carbs and parts; and the 692-Series for Mikuni carbs and parts.







Monobloc

691-622238 Concentric Repair Kit includes:

691-622067 needle clip

691-622197 float needle

691-622076 pilot adj screw

691-622077 throttle adj screw

691-622082 two orings

691-622073 bowl gasket

691-622101 flange oring, thin

691-13163 fiber washer

691-376093 gauze filter

691-622151 fiber washer

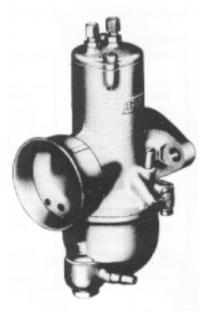
691-389121

Monobloc Gasket Kit

691-2441048

Monobloc Flange Oring for 376, 389 and 689.

Mikuni



Concentric

Amal MkII

691-622208

MkI Concentric Gasket & Oring Kit w/ thin flange oring 622101 **691-622208/A** MkI Gasket & Oring Kit w/ 70-9711 thick flange oring used later Triumph 6/750 twins

691-622235

Concentric Update Kit includes: 691-622124 neeedle 691-622122/106 jet 691-622128 jet holder To update early concentrics to latest specs.(except 850 Norton)

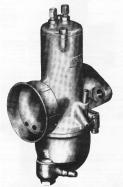
691-622172 Shielded Tickler Kit **691-2928178** MkII Repair Kit **691-2622144** MkII Gasket Kit

LIST No. 117/3 (issue No. 5)

HINTS AND TIPS for

AMAL CARBURETTER

Series 600 and 900



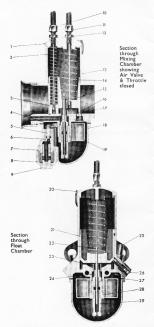
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How to Trace Faults. Parts to Tune Up with. How to Tune Up.
Tuning Twin Carburetters

and Service Arrangements

SECTIONAL ILLUSTRATIONS



HOW THE CARBURETTER WORKS

The carburetter proportions and atomises the right amount of petrol with The car offseter proportions and attorness the right amount of petrol with the air that is drawn in by the engine because of the correct proportions of jet sizes and the main choke bore. The float chamber maintains a constant level of fuel at the jets and cuts off the supply when the engine stops.

The throttle control from the handlebar controls the volume of mixture and therefore the power, and at all positions of the throttle the mixture is automatically correct. The opening of the throttle bring first into action the mixture supply from the pilot jet system for idling, then as it progressively opens, via the pilot by-pass the mixture is augmented from the main let, the earlier stages of which action is controlled by the needle in the needle jet. The pilot jet system is supplied by the pilot jet (30) which is detachable on removal of the float chamber. On certain other models no pilot jet is fitted but a pilot bush is inserted in the continuation of the pilot air adjusting screw passage. The main jet does not spray directly into the mixing chamber, but discharges through the needle jet into the primary air chamber, and goes from there as a rich petrol-air mixture through the primary air choke into the main air choke,

The carburetters usually have a separately operated mixture control called an air valve, for use when starting from cold, and until the engine is warm; this control partially blocks the passage of air through the main choke

This design of carburetter offers perfectly simple and effective tuning facilities.



- 2-Air Valve Spring.
- 3-Air Valve. -Float Spindle. -Float Needle.
 - Needle Seating.
- 7- Filter Gauze.
- -Banjo. -Banjo Bolt.
- ΙÓ -Cable Adjuster (Air).
- II-Cable Adjuster (Throttle). I2-Cable Adjuster Locknuts.
- 13—Carburetter Body. 14—Throttle Valve Spring.
- 15 -Jet Needle Clip. 16-Pilot By-pass.
- 17-Pilot Outlet. 18-Floar Chamber Body.
 - Pilot Jet is replaced by a Pilot Bush positioned here on certain models

19-Float 20-Mixing Chamber Top Screws.

- 21—Throttle Valve. 22—Jet Needle. Choke Tube.
- Needle Jet. Tickler.
- Throttle Adjusting Screw. Float Chamber Washer.
 - 28 Jet Holder. Main Jet.
 - -Pilot Jet. -Pilot Jet Feed Passages. -Feed Passage from Pilot Je 31-
 - Pilot Air Feed Passage. Pilot Air Adjusting Screw. Petrol Filter (positioned over Main Jet.) Not illustrated.



Section showing Pilot Jet and Pilot Jet Feed Passages.

30

HINTS AND TIPS

STARTING from cold. Turn on fixel supply, set ignition (if manually operated) for best slow running, depress tickler to flood float chamber, close air valve, open throttle slightly and trart engine. When neight strate open air valve and close the throttle: if engine begins to falser, partially close the air valve and open portion.

STARTING, engine hot. Open throads slightly and start engine. It should not normally be necessary to flood the float chamber or close the air valve when starting a warm engine.

STARTING, general. Experience will show when it is necessary to flood the carbursters or use the air value and also the best setting of the throtcle valve. If the carburster has been over-flooded or strangled, which would result in a west engine and over-rich starting mixture—fully open the throttle while and air valve, give the engine several turns to clear the valve air throttle while and air valve, give the engine several turns to clear the valve air valve groups again with the sir valve fully open and the throttle valve air valve fully open and the processing of the valve air valve fully open and the processing of the valve air valve fully open and the processing of the valve air valve fully open and the processing of the valve va

STARTING, SINGLE LEVER CARBURETTERS. DEEN THE THROTTLE SERVEY SLIGHTLY FROM THE IDLING POSITION AND FLOOD THE CARBURETTER MORE OR LESS ACCORDING TO THE RENGINE BEING COLD OR HOT RESPECTIVELY.

CABLE CONTROLS. See that there is a minimum of backlash when the control are see back and that any movement of the handless has

not cause the chrotile to open; this is done by the adjusters on top of the achieveters, after releasing the adjuster locknuts. See that the chrotile all this down freely, then reast locknuts. PERROL. FEED. A filter gause is fixed at the inlet to the float chamber, to reasons this gause unseriew the basip bolt (9) the basip and filter gause both; clean and undranged and check (led supply) momentumly turning both; clean and undranged and check (led supply) momentumly turning

both clean and undamaged and check feel supply by monostority turning on field spt. Nertical loops in perior pipes must be supply by modern prevent at all flooding, and blockage of the filter purse with new machines is due to impurities from the tank. Periodically clean out filter gauze and fiest chamber until the crouble ceases or alternatively the tank may be drained and swilled out.

EXXING CARBURETER AND AIR LEAKS. Erratical our vanning is effectively contributed to the contribute of the contributed on the contributed of the contributed on the contributed of the contributed on the contribute

often caused by all feaks, so worlfy there are none at the point of attachment to the clylinder or inflet pipe. A seleging rate is fitted into the attachment to the clylinder or inflet pipe. A seleging rate is fitted into the attachment caused by a wone hybrid by the caused by a wone hybrid by the caused by a wone hybrid by the caused by a wone historial rate in the caused by t

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age transif the needle in the forcer; it may be remedied or improved by lowering the needle in the forcer; it may be remedied or improved by lowering the needle in the rotal, but if it cannot be—then the only remedy is to get a new needle jet.

AIR FILTERS. These may affect the jets setting, so if one is fitted afterwards to the carburetter the main jet may have to be smaller. If it cannot have the continue of the continue of the main jet may have to be smaller.

AIR FILTERS. These may affect the jet setting, so if one is fitted afterwards to the cubruester the mani jet may have to be smaller. If a carburster is set with an air filter and the engine is run without it, take care is ruleve (cage 5), will incidate if a larger main jet and higher needle position are required.

EFFECT OF ALTITUDE ON CARBUETTER, increased situation tool for produce or rich mixture. The greater his election, the another the main jer required. Carburceters so works are set suitable for altitudes, up to 3,000 feet approximately. Carburetters used constantly at slittudes 3,000 to 6,000 feet should have a reduction in main jet sits of 3 per cent. 3,000 to 6,000 feet should have a reduction in main jet sits of 0 per cent. The production of 4 per cent., should be made, 6,000 feet should further reductions of 4 per cent., should be made, 6,000 feet should so the should be made, 6,000 feet should be further productions of 4 per cent, should be made, 6,000 feet should be further productions of 4 per cent, should be made, 6,000 feet should be 6,

RE-ASSEMBLING When replacing the valve assembly see that the jet needle goes into the holes in the choke tube, needle jet and main jet and that both the throttle and air valve spring locate correctly in the mixing chamber top. When refitting the float, engage the float needle recess in the horseshoe section of the float and fit in float chamber. Check that the needle jet (24) jet holder (28) and main jet (29) are fully sightened together before screen

assembly into the body.

HOW TO TRACE FAULTS There are only two possible faults in carburation, either richness or weakness of mixture.

INDICATIONS OF :-

If richness or weakness is present, check if caused by :-

of fuel. Check there is no flooding.

RICHNESS.

Black smoke in exhaust: Petrol spraying out of carburetter. Four strokes, eight-stroking. Two strakes, four-stroking, Heavy, lumpy running,

Sparking plug sooty

(I) Petrol feed.

(2) Air leaks

(4). Air cleaner being choked up. (5) An air cleaner having been removed. Removing the silencer or running with a straight through pipe requires a richer setting

(3) Defective or worn parts,

Having verified the correctness of fuel feed and that there are no air leaks, check over ignition, valve operation and timing. Now at throttle position shown on page 7, fig. 5, test to see if mixtures are rich or weak. This is done by partially closing the air valve, and if engine runs better weakness is indicated, but if engine runs worse richness is indicated.

To remedy, proceed as follows:-To cure richness.

Position 1. Fit smaller main let.

Screw out pilot air adjusting screw.

Position 2. Position 3. cutaway (page 6).

grooves (page 6).

Fit a throttle with larger Position 4. Lower needle one or two

throttle : the proper thing to do is to lower the needle,

Fit a throttle with smaller cutaway (page 6). Raise needle one or two grooves (page 6). NOTE, it is not correct to cure a rich mixture at half throttle by fitting a smaller main jet because the main jet may be correct for power at full

To cure weakness.

Screw pilot air adjusting screw in,

Fit larger main jet.

WEAKNESS.

Erratic slow running.

Acceleration poor. Engine goes better if :-Throttle is not wide open or

Overheating.

Spitting back in carburetter.

Check that jets and passages are clear. that filter gauze in float chamber banjo connection is not choked with foreign matter, and that there is ample flow

At the connection to the angine or due to leaky inlet valve stems

As a loose fitting throttle valve, worn needle jet, loose jets.

Air Valve is partially closed,

PARTS TO TUNE UP WITH

THROTTLE ADJUSTING SCREW (26). Set this screw to hold the throttle open sufficiently to keep the engine running when the twist grip is off. An "O" ring is fitted to the screw to hold this adjustment by friction.



MAIN JET (29). The main jet controls the patrol supply when the throttle is more than three-quarters open, but at upply of led goes through the main jet, the amount is demanded by the matering Each jet is calibrated and numbered so that its exact discharge is known and NEVER REARMER. I. ET OUT! GET ANOTHER OF THE RIGHT SIZE. The bigger the number the bigger the jet.

To remove the main jet, remove the float chamber, the exposed main jet can then be unscrewed from the jet holder (28).

enther allown more or less prect to pass through the needle jet at the hortest is opened or depend throughout the range accept when little or where the needle to the needle to the needle through the seedle jet at the value on the set occording to the needle to the needle of the nee

NEEDLE AND NEEDLE JET (22 and 24). The needle being taper

THROTTLE VALVE CUT-AWAY. The atmospharic tide of the horota is cut away to influence the depression on the main full supply and thus gives a means of tuning between the pilot and needle let range of throttle opening. The amount of grataway is recorded by a number marked on the throttle valve, viz., 92/2 means throttle waive type 622 and 2 a richer mixture.

AIR VALVE (3) is used only for starting and running when cold, and for experimenting with, otherwise run with it wide open.

TICKLER (25), a small plunger spring loaded, fixed in the carburetter body. When pressed down on the float, the needle valve is allowed to open and so "flooding" is zchieved. Flooding temporarily enriches the mixture until the level of the petrol subsides to normal.

ALCOHOL. FUELS. When using alcohol fault she following me components are necessary. A metallic lastic perfectably double feed for a laready fixed, float chamber 627(251), bunja bolt weather 13/16, needle jet fixed fixed fixed for the fixed fixed

When using alcohol fuels it is advisable to err on the rich side to avoid engine overheating.

HOW TO TUNE UP PHASES OF AMAL NEEDLE JET CARBURETTER

THROTTLE OPENINGS

Up to 1 open from 1 to 1 open 1 to 2 open 1 to full open PILOT JET THROTTLE NEEDLE- MAIN JET CUT-AWAY POSITION SIZE



5TH OND & 4TH SEQUENCE TUNING FIG. 5.

TUNE UP IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER.

NOTE. The carburetter is automatic throughout the throttle rangethe air valve should always be wide open except when used for starting or until the engine has warmed up. We assume normal petrols are used. READ REMARKS ON PAGES 6 AND 7 for each tuning device and

get the motor going perfectly on a quiet road with a slight up gradient so that on test the engine is pulling. Ist. MAIN JET with throttle in position I (fig. 5).
If at full throttle the engine runs "heavily" the main jet is too large.

If at full throttle by slightly closing the throttle or air valve the engine seems to have better power, the main jet is too small, With a correct sized main jet the engine at full throttle should run evenly

and regularly with maximum power. If testing for speed work ensure that the main jet size is sufficient for the mixture to be rich enough to keep the engine cool, and to verify this examine the sparking plug after taking a last run, declutching and scopping-the engine quickly. If the plug body at its end has a cool appearance the mixture is correct: If sooty, the mixture is rich: If however there are signs of intense heat, the mixture is too weak and a larger main jet is

necessary.

2nd. PILOT JET (fig. 5) with throttle in positions 2 and 5. With engine idling too fast with the twist grip shut off and the throttle shut down on to the throttle adjusting screw, and ignition set for best slow (I) Screw out throttle adjusting screw until the engine runs slower and begins to falter, then screw pilot air adjusting screw in or out. to make engine run regularly and faster. (2) Now gently lower the throttle adjusting screw until the engine runs slower and just begins to falter, adjust the pilot air adjusting screw to get best slow running: if this 2nd adjustment make engine run too fast, go over the job again a third time. Both the throttle adjusting screw and pilot air screw have an "O" Ring

fitted to hold the adjustment by friction. 3rd. THROTTLE CUT-AWAY with throttle in position 3 (fig. 5) If, as you take off from the idling position, there is objectionable spitting from the carburetter, slightly richen the pilot mixture by screwing in the air screw sufficiently, but if this is not effective, screw it back again, and air screw sunricentry, but it this is not effective, as a manual relative to the engine jerks under load at this throttle position and there is no spitting, either the jet needle is much too high or a larger throttle cut-away is required to cure richness,

4th. NEEDLE with throttle in position 4 (fig. 5).

The needle controls a wide range of throttle opening and also the acceleration. Try the needle in the lower position, viz., with the clip in the groove at the top; if acceleration is poor and with air valve partially closed the results are better, raise the needle by two grooves; if very much better try lowering needle by one groove and leave it where it is best. If mixture is still too rich with clip in groove No. I nearest the top -the needle jet probably wants replacement because of wear. If the needle itself has had several years' use replace it also.

5th. FINALLY go over the idling again for final touches.

TUNING TWIN ENGINES WITH TWIN CARBURETTERS

where each cylinder has its own Carburetter.

First of all, sizeken the Throttle stop screws and put the Twist Grip into the shut off position to allow the Throttles to shut off: there should be a slight backlash in the cables which backlash can be obtained, if necessary, by screwing in the cable adjusting screws on the top of the Carburster after releasing lock nuts. Then, with the Handlebars in the normal position, and with the Throcties closed, adjust the cable adjusting screws so that on the slightest opening of the Twist Grip, both Throtties begin to open simultaneously, then reset lock nuts

To set the Carburetters, follow the procedure as given on page 7, and bear in mind these "Hints," which may be useful :--Main let sizes are of course selected by checking the effect of the Mixture on the Sparking Plugs after taking a run at full throttle over a straight piece of road; the amallest pair of jets that give the best maximum speed are usually correct provided that the Plugs do not show any signs of excessive heat. It might

be that for really critical tuning, one Carburetter might require a slightly different Jet size from the other-For slow running, set the Twist Grip to make the Engine run slowly but just lister than a "tick-over"; then gently screw in the Throttle stops so just hold the Throttles in that position, and return the Twist Grip into

the shut position, leaving the Engine running on the Throttle Stops.

The next thing to do is to set each Carburetter according to paragraph 2, on page 7, to obtain the idling by screwing down the Throttle Stop Screws and adjusting the Pilot Air Screws accordingly.

Regarding the setting of the Pilot, a fairly satisfactory method is to detach one Sparking Plug lead, and set the Pilot Air Adjusting Screw on the other on Sparking Pitg Ised, and set the Pitch Air Agusting Screw on the outer Oplinder at a single outin, and then reversing the process to the other Sparking Pitgs, the Engine runs slightly route leads to connected to the Sparking Pitgs, the Engine runs slightly route states connected to the Sparking Pitgs, the Engine runs slightly route states on the limit of the seasonal that the speed of Island so both Cylinders is specialmently it is essential that the speed of Island so both Cylinders is specialmently the seasonal that the speed of Island so that Cylinders is specialmently to the seasonal that the speed of Island so that Cylinders is specialmently to the seasonal that the speed of Island so that Cylinders is specialmently to the control of the Cylinders is specialment. on the initial opening of the Throttle.

It is essential with Twin Carburetters that the Throttle Slides are a good fit in the bodies, and also that there is no suspicion of air leaks at either of the flange attachments to the Cylinder.

Regarding the lower end of the Throttle range, which is always the more Adjacting one mower and or one innocree range, which is always one more difficult to set, one can only take excessive pains to make quite sure that the Control Cables are perfectly adjusted, without any excessive back lash or difference in the amount of back lash between one Carburetter and another; otherwise one Throatte slide will be out of phase with the other. and so resulting in lumpy running.

To check the opening of the Throttle simultaneously, shut the Twist Grip back so that the Throttles are resting on the Throttle Stop Screws in their final position of adjustment; I then intert the fingers into the air intakes and press them on the Throttles and with the other hand, gently open by the Twist Grip and feel that the Throttles lift of their stops at the same time.

SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

There are many AMAL Service Stockists in Great Britain and also in other countries where Motor-cycling is popular: They have information about recommended settings for all standard machines and, you are strongly advised to purchase GENUINE AMAL SPARES through them, at our Lisc prices ALL GENUINE JETS are stamped with the name AMAL and with the Calibration Number,

GUARANTEE. The Company take all possible reasonable care in the manufacture and the

quality of their products. Purchasers are informed that, any part proved to be defective in manufacture or quality, and returned to the works within six months defective in monificative are quartey, and returned to the works within ask months of its purches new, will be replaced in however, that its responsibility and that of its agents, stacklist and dealers, it limited to this Classronee and that hey cannet, under any circumstances, be half responsible for any lost of fer any constituent or resulting fieldity arising through any defect, and contingent or resulting fieldity arising through any defect.

The cognitions of sole and use also apply when the Company's products form

part of the original equipment of machines purchased new. 50m/3/69. W. Printed in England



Subject:

Number: (General) 2/73 Adjusting Float

Level

Date: 7/18/73

SERVICE BULLET

TRIUMPH MOTORCYCLE CORPORATION A subsidiary of the Birmingham Small Arms Company Incorporated, Verona, New Jersey

Duarte, Calif. 91010, P. O. Box 275

Towson, Baltimore, Md., P. O. Box 6790 21204

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE AMAL CONCENTRIC FLOAT LEVEL

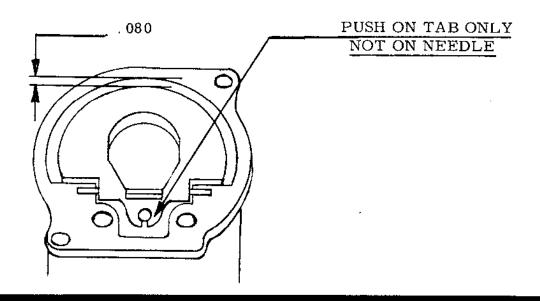
Occasionally you may encounter a machine which runs erratically due to an over-rich condition. You may also find that this problem machine is fitted with the proper size jets and has the same adjustments as a model which runs perfectly.

After many hours of investigation, we found that the normal cause for the problem outlined above is a high float level setting.

CHECK FLOAT LEVEL

Remove the float assembly from carburetor. Drain gas from float bowl. Using a small screwdriver or other suitable tool, depress the float tab which operates the float needle, until needle contacts seat. While holding the float in this position, measure the distance from the top of float bowl to the top of float. The proper measurement is .080. If the measurement is less than .080 the float level will need lowering. SEE FIG. 1.





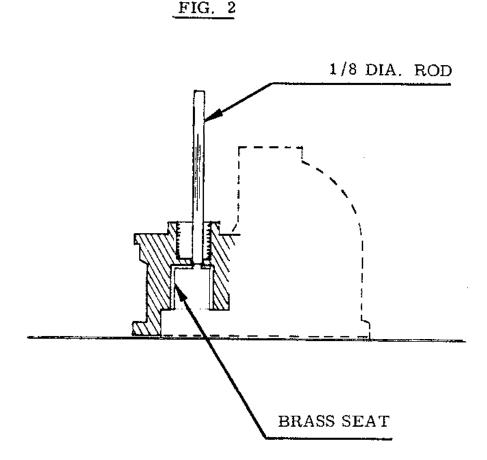
ADJUSTING FLOAT LEVEL

Remove all fittings from float bowl.

Using a propane torch, heat the bowl slightly. This will free the brass seat so it can easily be moved.

Using an 1/8 diameter rod, gently tap the brass seat until the proper setting is attained. SEE FIG. 2.

CAUTION: Do not attempt to move seat without heating bowl.



NOTE: The .080 measurement is proper for current Single. Twin and Triple models.